

Student Name _____

PH-99
Patrology I

1. Patrology is the study of Christian writers of antiquity who were accepted as orthodox or within the Great Church during their lives. True or False
2. Origen was a Western Church Father. True or False
3. What is apologetics? _____

4. St. Paul had great success with the Greeks at Athens. True or False
5. Who was the last of the Western Fathers? _____
6. The Eastern Fathers were strongly influenced by Greek philosophy. True or False
7. The relation of validity ordained bishops to the Apostles is called “_____”.
8. It is doubtful that St. Polycarp was a Church Father. True or False
9. Tertullian was a Latin Church Father. True or False
10. Who was considered to be the author of the Didache? _____.
11. Who were the first women Doctors of the Church? _____.
12. No ecumenical council has yet exercised the prerogative of proclaiming a _____
Of the Church.
13. The Catholic Church has named 33 Doctors of the Church. True or False
14. St. Anthony of Padua was promoted in 1946 as a Doctor of the Church.
True or False
15. The early Fathers believed that indications of the Trinity doctrine must exist in the Old Testament.
True or False
16. The doctrine of the Holy Trinity is taught in the Old Testament. True or False
17. The apologists were, in a sense, the church’s first theologians. True or False

18. The apologists affirmed that God is one but also triadic. True or False
19. The word Trinity is not found in the Bible. True or False
20. The word Trinity did not find a place formally in the theology of the Church till the _____Century.
21. Origen maintained the eternal generation of the Son. True or False
22. Who wrote "On the Duties of The Clergy"? _____
23. Caius was a Doctor of the Church. True or False
24. Eusebius wrote on "Church History." True or False
25. Who was called "The pastor (or "The Shepherd.")? _____
26. Who wrote "No one can harm man who does not injure himself"? _____
27. Justin Martyr wrote about the Dialogue with Trypho. True or False
28. Who wrote Origen de Principiis? _____
29. Who wrote "Against Praxeas"? _____
30. Who wrote a poem on Easter? _____
31. Who was best remembered for his commentaries on the works of Aristotle? _____
32. St. Ambrose was a Doctor of the Church. True or False
33. Who wrote *cur deus homo*? _____
34. St. Anthony was a Roman hermit who lived around 151-192 A.D. True or False
35. All the known works of Aphrahat are called the _____
36. Jacob of Nisibius attended the First Council of Nicaea. True or False
37. The Demonstrations are works of poetry. True or False
38. The Demonstrations were originally composed in Syriac. True or False
39. Number 22 is the Demonstration on persecution. True or False
40. Arnobius was a Christian _____, during the reign of Diocletian (284-305)

41. Athanasius was born at _____ about the year 297 A.D.
42. Athanasius attended the Council of Nicaea as one of its most noted members.
True or False
43. Athanasius was first banished to Trier or Treves, the capital of Gaul. True or False
44. The doctrine of the Trinity has been identified with Athanasius' name. True or False
45. Name four writings on Athanasius which are considered of great value:
A. _____
B. _____
C. _____
D. _____
46. Aristokles Spirou was born in northern Greece. True or False
47. Who is sometimes called the Angelic Doctor and the prince of Scholastics? _____
48. Aquinas taught at the University of Berlin. True or False
49. Thomist philosophy is the surest guide to Roman Catholic doctrine and discouraged all departures from it. True or False
50. How many works are ascribed to St. Thomas Aquinas? _____
51. Augustine was baptized by _____ on Easter Eve in 387 A.D.
52. Augustine wrote "The City of God" in 413-26 A.D. True or False
53. St. Augustine wrote "On the Trinity" in 500-18 A.D. True or False
54. Who was sent to England from the monastery of St. Andrew in Rome to convert the Anglo-Saxons to Christianity? _____
55. Bar Daisan had great knowledge of India. True or False
56. Name the three books written by St. Basil: A. _____
B. _____ C. _____
57. Bede became known as _____ Bede after his death.
58. Bede gained the title "The Father of English history." True or False
59. The most important and known of Bede's works is the _____,
_____ given in five books and 400 pages the history of England.

60. Bede wrote several major works in the field of archaeology. True or False
61. Who started a monastery at Monte Cassino? _____
62. Name two important works of Bernard: A. _____
B. _____
63. Who was called the Seraphic Doctor? _____
64. Who was known as the Apostle of Germany? _____
65. Brendan was filled with a great desire to travel. True or False
66. Who discovered the Didache manuscript? _____
67. John Cassian was one of the Desert Fathers. True or False
68. Name the two major works of John Cassian: A. _____
B. _____
69. Cassian is considered to be the originator of the view that later became known as _____

70. Whose body is said to have been discovered on Mt. Sinai in about 800 A.D. _____

71. St. Cecilia was martyred for refusing to honor the Roman gods. True or False
72. Celestine condemned Nestorianism. True or False
73. Who was named "golden mouthed"? _____
74. St. Clement of Rome was personally acquainted with St. Peter and St. Paul and St. John.
True or False
75. Many scholars regard _____ as the Father of the Alexandrian school of
theology.
76. Commodianus was a Christian Latin painter around 250 A.D. True or False
77. The foundation of _____ was Constantine's personal achievement.
78. Constantine's rise to power is associated with his adherence to Christianity.
True or False
79. Cyprian was tried and found innocent and was set free. True or False

80. Who were known as the “Apostles of the Slavs”? A. _____
B. _____
81. Cyril of Alexandria is best known as the guiding spirit of the Council of _____
82. Cyril of Jerusalem was banished many times. True or False
83. Who was the first to use Matthew 16:18 in support of the doctrine of Roman Primacy?

84. Dionysius of Alexandria supported pope Cornelius against Novatian. True or False
85. Who was converted to Christianity through the preaching of St. Paul as related in Acts 17:34? _____
86. St. Epiphanius supported the Christian writer Origen. True or False
87. Eusebius of Caesarea delivered the opening address at the Council of Nicaea.
True or False
88. Eusebius was a great historian. True or False
89. What Council was called the Robber Synod? _____
90. Name the eight patterns of evil thought put forth by Evagrius Ponticus:

91. Evagrius Ponticus was regarded as a Desert Father. True or False
92. Who founded the Franciscans? _____
93. Whose surname means “wonder worker”? _____
94. Gregory’s principle work, was a theological apology for Trinitarian belief.
True or False
95. The _____ books of Gregory’s letters provide a rich source for understanding the man and his times.
96. Gregory of Nazianzus did not embrace the doctrine of the trinity. True or False

97. Name the four important theological treaties of Gregory of Nyssa:
A. _____
B. _____
C. _____
D. _____
98. Who was the mother of Constantine the Great? _____
99. Who wrote the book "The Shepherd"? _____
100. Who was referred to as the "hammer against Arianism."? _____
101. Hilary is sometimes regarded as the first Latin _____ hymn writer.
102. Who declared himself the first antipope? _____
103. Who was the first Christian writer to stress the virgin birth and to use the term Catholic Church as a collective term for the faithful? _____
104. Who was pope from 401 to 417 A.D.? _____
105. Irenaeus was an active opponent of Gnosticism. True or False
106. Whose important work was translating the Bible into Latin (the Vulgate)? _____
107. Who was known as "Golden Stream"? _____